

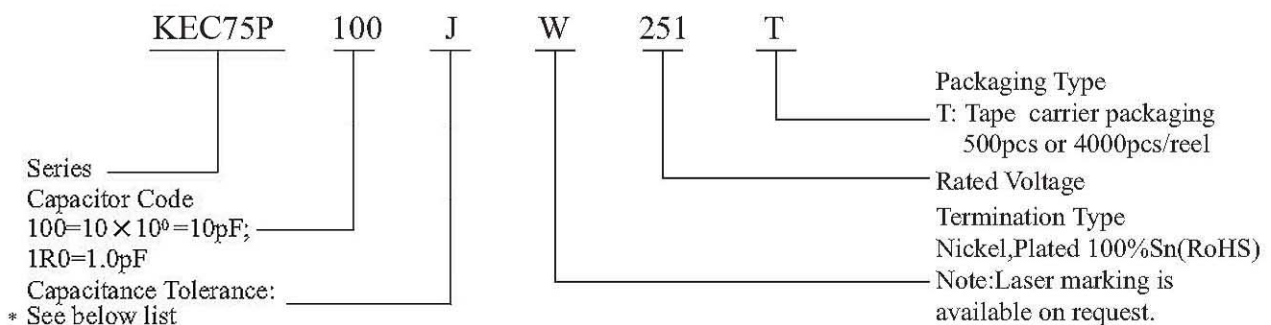
KEC75P (.060" x.030")

◆ KEC75P Capacitance Table

Cap.pF	Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	Cap.pF	Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	Cap.pF	Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC
0.1	0R1	A,B, C,D	250V Code 251	2.2	2R2	A,B, C,D	250V Code 251	16	160	F,G, J	250V Code 251
0.2	0R2			2.4	2R4			18	180		
0.3	0R3			2.7	2R7			20	200		
0.4	0R4			3.0	3R0			22	220		
0.5	0R5			3.3	3R3			24	240		
0.6	0R6			3.6	3R6			27	270		
0.7	0R7			3.9	3R9			30	300		
0.8	0R8			4.3	4R3			33	330		
0.9	0R9			4.7	4R7			36	360		
1.0	1R0			5.1	5R1	39		390			
1.1	1R1			5.6	5R6	43		430			
1.2	1R2			6.2	6R2	47		470			
1.3	1R3			6.8	6R8	51		510			
1.4	1R4			7.5	7R5	56		560			
1.5	1R5			8.2	8R2	62		620			
1.6	1R6			9.1	9R1	68		680			
1.7	1R7			10	100	75		750			
1.8	1R8			11	110	82		820			
1.9	1R9			12	120	91		910			
2.0	2R0			13	130	100		101			
2.1	2R1			15	150						

Remark: special capacitance, tolerance and WVDC are available, consult with Kete.

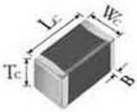
◆ Part Numbering



Code	A	B	C	D	F	G	J
Tolerance	± 0.05pF	± 0.1pF	± 0.25pF	± 0.5pF	± 1%	± 2%	± 5%

◆ KEC75P Chip Dimensions

unit:inch(millimeter)

Series	Term. Code	Type / Outlines	Capacitor Dimensions				Plated Material
			Length (Lc)	Width (Wc)	Thickness (Tc)	Overlap (B)	
KEC75P	W	 Chip	.060 ± .006 (1.60 ± 0.15)	.030 ± .006 (0.80 ± 0.15)	.030 ± .006 (0.80 ± 0.15)	.140 ± .006 (0.35 ± 0.15)	Sn/Ni (RoHS)

◆ Design Kits

These capacitors are 100% RoHS. Kits contain 10(ten) pieces per value; number of values per kit varies, depending on case size and capacitance.

Kit	Description (pF)	Values (pF)	Tolerance
DKKEC75P01	0.1 - 2.0	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.1, 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0	± 0.10pF
DKKEC75P02	1.0 - 10	1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.8, 2.0, 2.2, 2.4, 2.7, 3.0, 3.3, 3.9, 4.7, 5.6, 6.8, 8.2	± 0.10pF
		10	± 5%
DKKEC75P03	10 - 100	10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 22, 24, 27, 30, 33, 39, 47, 56, 68, 82, 100	± 5%

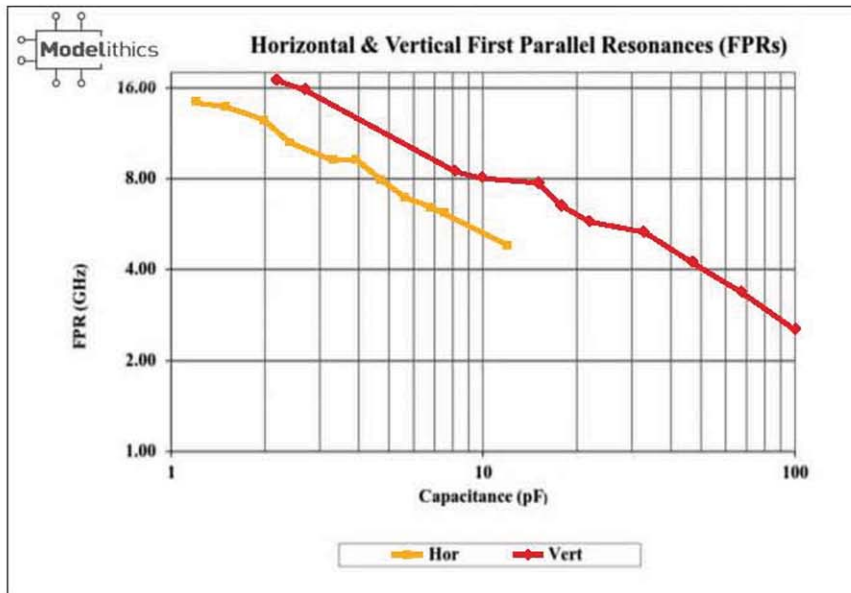
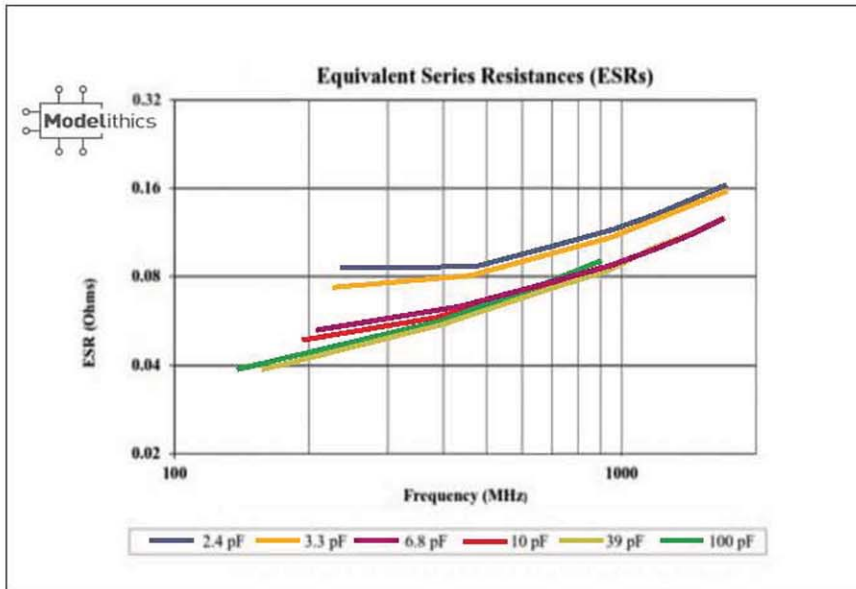
◆ Performance

Item	Specifications
Quality Factor (Q)	2,000 min.
Insulation Resistance (IR)	10 ⁵ Megohms min. @ +25 °C at rated WVDC. 10 ⁴ Megohms min. @ +125 °C at rated WVDC.
Rated Voltage	250V
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (DWV)	250% of rated voltage for 5 seconds.
Operating Temperature Range	-55 °C to +175 °C
Temperature Coefficient (TC)	0 ± 30ppm/°C
Capacitance Drift	± 0.02% or ± 0.02pF, whichever is greater.
Piezoelectric Effects	None

◆ Environmental Tests

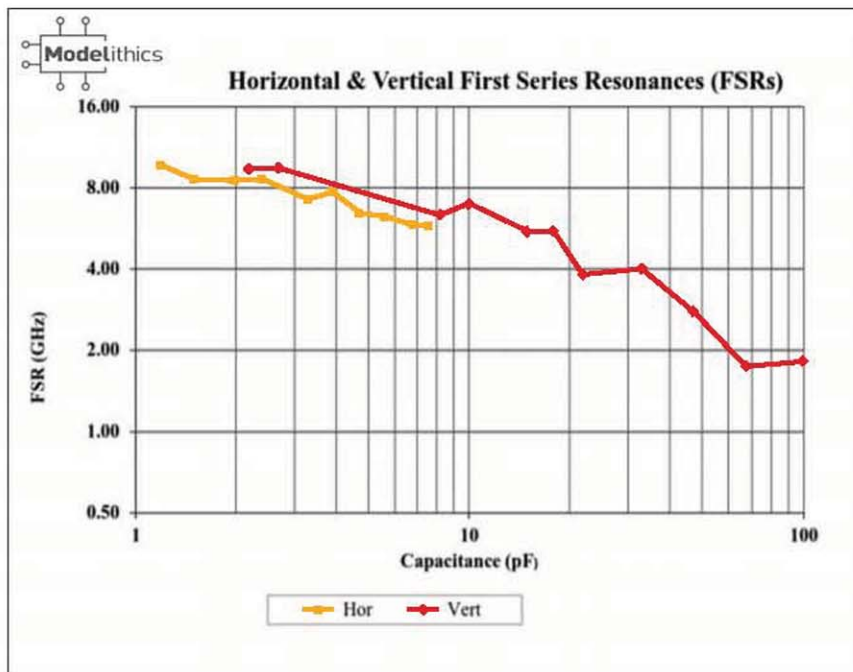
Item	Specifications	Method
Terminal Adhesion	Termination should not pull off. Ceramic should remain undamaged.	Linear pull force exerted on axial leads soldered to each terminal. 2.0lbs.
Resistance to soldering heat	No mechanical damage Capacitance change: $-1.0\% \sim +2.0\%$ $Q > 500$ I.R. $> 10 \text{ G Ohms}$ Breakdown voltage: $2.5 \times \text{WVDC}$	Preheat device to 150°C - 180°C for 60 sec. Dip in $260^{\circ}\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ solder for 10 ± 1 sec. Measure after 24 ± 2 hours cooling period.
Thermal Shock	No mechanical damage Capacitance change: $\pm 0.5\%$ or 0.5pF max $Q > 2000$ I.R. $> 10 \text{ G Ohms}$ Breakdown voltage: $2.5 \times \text{WVDC}$	MIL-STD-202, Method 107, Condition A. At the maximum rated temperature (-55°C and 125°C) stay 30 minutes. The time of removing shall not be more than 3 minutes. Perform the five cycles.
Humidity, Steady State	No mechanical damage Capacitance change: $\pm 0.5\%$ or 0.5pF max . $Q > 300$ I.R. $> 1 \text{ G Ohms}$ Breakdown voltage: $2.5 \times \text{WVDC}$	MIL-STD-202, Method 106.
Low Voltage Humidity	No mechanical damage Capacitance change: $\pm 0.3\%$ or 0.3pF max . $Q > 300$ I.R. $> 1 \text{ G Ohms}$ Breakdown voltage: $2.5 \times \text{WVDC}$	MIL-STD-202, Method 103, Condition A, with 1.5 Volts D.C. applied while subjected to an environment of 85°C with 85% relative humidity for 240 hours minimum.
Life	No mechanical damage Capacitance change: $\pm 2.0\%$ or 0.5pF max . $Q > 500$ I.R. $> 1 \text{ G Ohms}$ Breakdown voltage: $2.5 \times \text{WVDC}$	MIL-STD-202, Method 108, for 1000 hours, at 125°C . 200% Rated voltage D.C. applied.

◆ **KEC75P Performance Curve**



The First Parallel Resonance, FPR, is defined as the lowest frequency at which a suckout or notch appears in |S21|. It is generally independent of substrate thickness or dielectric constant, but does depend on capacitor orientation. A horizontal orientation means the capacitor electrode planes are parallel to the plane of the substrate; a vertical orientation means the electrode planes are perpendicular to the substrate.

◆ KEC75P Performance Curve



The First Series Resonance, FSR, is defined as the lowest frequency at which the imaginary part of the input impedance, $\text{Im}[Z_{in}]$, equals zero. Should $\text{Im}[Z_{in}]$ or the real part of the input impedance, $\text{Re}[Z_{in}]$, not be monotonic with frequency at frequencies lower than those at which $\text{Im}[Z_{in}] = 0$, the FSR shall be considered as undefined. FSR is dependent on internal capacitor structure; substrate thickness and dielectric constant; capacitor orientation, as defined alongside the FPR plot; and mounting pad dimensions.

Definitions and Measurement conditions:

The definitions on the charts are for a capacitor in a series configuration, i.e., mounted across a gap in a microstrip trace with a 50-Ohm termination. The measurement conditions are: substrate -- Rogers RT/duroid? 5880; substrate dielectric constant - 2.20; substrate thickness (mils) - 10; gap in microstrip trace (mils) - 23.7; microstrip trace width (mils) - 30.0; Reference planes at sample edges.

All data has been derived from electrical models created by Modelithics, Inc., a specialty vendor contracted by KEC. The models are derived from measurements on a large number of parts disposed on several different substrates.